

مقدمه

این نمونه سوالات میتواند هم جهت آشنایی داوطلب مورد استفاده قرار گیرد و هم به عنوان آزمون تعیین سطح و یا سوالات شبیه سازی (برای تمرین بیشتر)

در صفحه آخر پاسخ کلیدی آورده شده است. لذا بهتر است داوطلب ابتدا سوالات را حل کند و سپس به کمک پاسخ کلیدی، سطح خود را سنجش کند.

این سوالات بسیار مشابه با آزمون فیزیک TOLC-F یا science TOLC-I طراحی شده است. سوالات فیزیک در این دو آزمون خیلی از مواقع مشابه هستند)

طراح این سوالات [اقای دکتر عماد میرابی](#) است.

چنانچه ایراد و اشکالی در پاسخها میبینید، میتوانید از طریق راههای تماس [آموزشگاه](#) با ما مکاتبه کنید.

به جهت آمادگی داوطلبان، دوره آموزشی افلاین فیزیک TOLC آماده شده است که برای تهیه آنها میتوانید از لینک زیر اقدام کنید.

<https://mirabiedu.com/product-category/entrance-exams/tolc>

1. Two point charges q_1, q_2 are at distance r with each other, $q_1 = 3q_2$.
The electrostatic force \vec{F}_1, \vec{F}_2 act:
- A) in opposite direction, with $F_1 = F_2$
 - B) in the same direction, with $F_1 = 3F_2$
 - C) in opposite direction, with $F_1 = 3F_2$
 - D) in the same direction, with $F_2 = 3F_1$
 - E) in opposite direction, with $F_2 = 3F_1$
2. In an adiabatic process, internal energy of the gas is increased by 2 J, then
- A) 2 J of work has been done on the gas
 - B) the gas has expanded and has done 2 J of work
 - C) it is impossible to answer without knowing how much heat is exchanged
 - D) it is not possible to say exactly how much work is done, because we don't know if the process is reversible or irreversible.
 - E) it is possible that work exchanged exceed 2 J, based on amount of heat exchanged.
3. When compared with UV light, visible light has
- A) smaller wavelength but same frequency
 - B) higher frequency and smaller wavelength
 - C) the same wavelength but lower frequency
 - D) lower frequency and larger wavelength
 - E) the same frequency but larger wavelength

4. if $\vec{R} = \vec{A} + \vec{B}$, R (magnitude of vector \vec{R}) is:

- A) equal to $A + B$ if vectors \vec{A} , \vec{B} are in the same direction
- B) independent of direction of vectors \vec{A} , \vec{B}
- C) larger than $A + B$
- D) $|A - B|$ if \vec{A} , \vec{B} are perpendicular to each other
- E) always equal to $A + B$

5. Which choice is incorrect about Pascal? (SI unit of pressure)

- A) $pascal = \frac{Newton}{m^2}$
- B) $pascal = \frac{joule}{m^3}$
- C) $pascal = Kg \cdot m^{-1} s^{-2}$
- D) $pascal = \frac{N \cdot m}{Liter}$
- E) $pascal = \frac{Watt \times second}{m^3}$

6. A locomotive with mass of 10 tons moving with speed of 5 m/s crashes on another locomotive of double mass that is moving in opposite direction on the same track. As a consequence of the collision, both locomotives stop. If we neglect the friction, what was the speed of the heavier locomotive?

- A) 5 m/s
- B) 2.5 m/s
- C) 1.25 m/s
- D) 10 m/s
- E) two locomotives cannot stop at the same time, since this is incompatible with conservation of energy.

7. Which choice is not a unit of energy?

- A) Kilowatt hour
- B) N.m
- C) erg
- D) N/m
- E) Joule

8. A train goes from station A to station B at an average speed of 100 km/h. the distance between the two stations are 200 km. if the train moved at an average speed of 80 km/h , how much would it take longer for the train to arrive at station B?

- A) 25 min
- B) 30 min
- C) 60 min
- D) 15 min
- E) 20 min

9. If we start from Mirabi Institute & go west 4 km, we'll reach Vanak square. Then if we move 3 km to the north, what is the distance & displacement in the whole movement?

- A) distance = 7 km , displacement = 5 km
- B) distance = 5 km , displacement = 7 km
- C) distance = 7 km , displacement = 7 km
- D) distance = 5 km , displacement = 5 km
- E) distance = 7 km , displacement = 1 km

10. A temperature of 50 °C (degree Celsius) is equivalent to

A) 112 °F

B) 373 K

C) 323 K

D) 10 °F

E) 82 °F

1. A	6. B
2. A	7. D
3. D	8. B
4. A	9. A
5. D	10. C

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